

**THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION  
OF ANNEXES TO THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY  
EXAMINATION REPORT (ARTICLE 34):**

Amended Sheets (Pages 32, 33, and 34)

AMENDED CLAIMS under Article 34

[1] (amended)

An elastomer film characterized in having an elastomer layer which is consisted of a polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer and a metal alkoxide, and has a total transmittance of 90% or higher at a temperature of 25°C and at a thickness of 0.5 mm.

[2] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein the polar group contained in said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer is at least one group selected from the group consisting of carboxyl group and derivatives thereof, hydroxyl group, epoxy group, amino group, alkoxy silyl group, sulfonic acid group and nitrile group.

[3] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer is at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of a polar group-modified ethylene- $\alpha$ -olefin-based copolymer and a polar group-modified ethylene- $\alpha$ -olefin-non-conjugated diene copolymer.

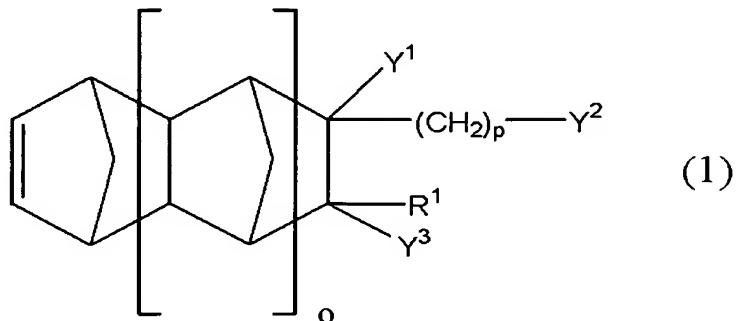
[4] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer is a copolymer obtained by copolymerizing one type or two or more olefin-based monomers, and one type or two or more unsaturated monomers having a polar group, and

wherein the ratio of a unit of said unsaturated monomer having a polar group is from 0.01 to 5 % by mol based on 100 % by mol of monomer units in said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer.

[5] The elastomer film according to Claim 4,

wherein said unsaturated monomer having a functional group is a compound represented by the following general formula (1):



[in the general formula (1), R<sup>1</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms; each of Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup>

represents independently a hydrogen atom, a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 10 carbon atoms or a carboxyl group; at least one of Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup> is carboxyl group and, in a case where two or more of Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup> and Y<sup>3</sup> are carboxyl groups, they may be an acid anhydride formed by linkage with one another, o represents an integer from 0 to 2 and p represents an integer from 0 to 5.]

[6] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer does not have a crosslinking formed by electron beam irradiation, UV-ray irradiation, and a crosslinking agent.

[7] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein at least a portion of said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer has a crosslinking formed by electron beam irradiation, UV-ray irradiation and a crosslinking agent.

[8]-[10] (deleted)

[11] The elastomer film according to Claim 1,

wherein other film layer and/or a hard transparent plate layer is present on at least one surface of said elastomer layer.

[12] (amended)

A method of producing an elastomer film characterized in comprising:

preparing a mixed liquid by dissolving or dispersing a polar group-containing olefin-based copolymer and a metal alkoxide in a solvent,

coating said mixed liquid on a substrate, and

removing said solvent to form an elastomer layer having a total transmittance of 90% or higher at a temperature of 25°C and at a thickness of 0.5 mm on said substrate.

[13] The method of producing an elastomer film according to Claim 12, comprising applying electron beam irradiation or UV-ray irradiation onto said elastomer layer, or heating said elastomer layer to form crosslinking in at least a portion of said polar group-containing olefin-based copolymer.

[14] (amended)

A method of producing an elastomer film characterized in forming an elastomer layer having a total transmittance of 90% or higher at a temperature of 25°C and at a thickness of 0.5 mm by extrusion molding with a liquid comprising a polar group-containing olefin-based copolymer and a metal alkoxide.

[15] The method of producing an elastomer film according to Claim 14, comprising disposing said elastomer layer on a substrate.

[16] The method of producing an elastomer film according to Claim 14, comprising applying electron beam irradiation or UV-ray irradiation onto said elastomer layer, or heating said elastomer layer to form crosslinking in at least a portion of said polar group-containing olefin-based copolymer.

[17] (newly added)

An elastomer film for display panel characterized in having an elastomer layer which is consisted of a polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer and a metal alkoxide, and has a total transmittance of 90% or higher at a temperature of 25°C and at a thickness of 0.5 mm.

[18] (newly added)

The elastomer film for display panel according to Claim 17, wherein said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer does not have a crosslinking formed by electron beam irradiation, UV-ray irradiation, and a crosslinking agent.

[19] (newly added)

The elastomer film for display panel according to Claim 17, wherein at least a portion of said polar group-modified olefin-based copolymer has a crosslinking formed by electron beam irradiation, UV-ray irradiation and a crosslinking agent.

[20] (newly added)

The elastomer film for display panel according to Claim 17, wherein other film layer and/or a hard transparent plate layer is present on at least one surface of said elastomer layer.